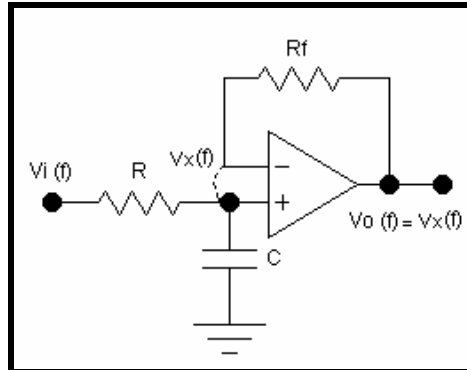


1. ANÁLISIS DE FILTROS

FILTRO PASABAJAS DE -20 db/dec



a. Hallar $A_v(\omega) = f(R, C, \omega)$

$$V_o(\omega) = V_x(\omega)$$

$$V_{x(\omega)} = \frac{Z_c}{R + Z_c} V_{i(\omega)} \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{V_{o(\omega)}}{V_{i(\omega)}} = \frac{\frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{V_{o(\omega)}}{V_{i(\omega)}} = \frac{1}{j\omega RC + 1}$$

$$A_v(\omega) = \frac{1}{j\omega RC + 1} \quad \rightarrow \quad |A_v(\omega)| = \frac{1 \angle 0}{\sqrt{(\omega RC)^2 + 1}} \quad \angle \tan^{-1} \omega RC$$

$$|A_v(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega^2 R^2 C^2 + 1}}$$

$$\lim_{\omega \rightarrow \infty} |A_v(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\infty^2 R^2 C^2 + 1}} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0 \quad (\text{frecuencias altas no pasan})$$

$$\lim_{\omega \rightarrow 0} |A_v(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{0^2 R^2 C^2 + 1}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad (\text{frecuencias bajas pasan})$$

b. Hallar ω_c y f_c



$$|A_v(w_c)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{w_c^2 R^2 C^2 + 1}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{w_c^2 R^2 C^2 + 1}} \rightarrow$$

$$\left(\sqrt{w_c^2 R^2 C^2 + 1} = \sqrt{2}\right)^2$$

$$w_c^2 R^2 C^2 + 1 = 2 \rightarrow w_c^2 = \frac{2-1}{R^2 C^2} \rightarrow \sqrt{w_c^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{R^2 C^2}}$$

$$\boxed{w_c = \frac{1}{RC}} \rightarrow 2\pi f_c = \frac{1}{RC} \rightarrow \boxed{f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}}$$

c. Hallar $|A_v(f)| = f(f, f_c)$

$$|A_v(w)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(wRC)^2 + 1}} \rightarrow |A_v(f)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi fRC)^2 + 1}} \rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{|A_v(f)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{f}{f_c}\right)^2 + 1}}}$$

d. Dibujar $|A_v(f)|$ Vs f

$$\boxed{|A_v(f)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{f}{f_c}\right)^2 + 1}}}$$

$$\boxed{A_v = 20 \log \left(\frac{V_o}{V_i} \right)}$$

f	$ A_v(f) $	$ A_v(f) $ db
0	1	0
0.1fc	0.995	-0.043
0.5fc	0.894	-0.973
0.8 fc	0.780	-2.158
fc	0.707	-3.011
2 fc	0.447	-6.993
4 fc	0.242	-12.323
6 fc	0.164	-15.703
8 fc	0.124	-18.131
10 fc	0.099	-20.087